DEMOCRATIC DELEGATES

THE SOUND MONEY PROPLE NAME A FULL TRUBET,

But the Silverites Only Have Fifty Names. This Will Give the Gold Men Fifty Delegates to Start With.

The list of candidates for delegates to crosed yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock by the Executive Committee of the Demo-cratic City Committee. All the candi-dates on the sound-money ticket had sent in their names by noon, but the committee deemed it best to extend that time for two hours, so that the names might be received as late as possible, inammuch as by an oversight the time for closing the list had not been published as early as wat contemplated.

The following is the ticket of the candi-dates on the sound-money ticket:

MADISON WARD.

MADISON WARD.

First Presinct-Ministree Fowlkes, Ju-ns A. Hobson, William B. Jones, James F. Flournoy.

Beoind-Robert T. Briggs, D. O. Berry G. Perry Hawes, James T. Second-Robert T. Briggs, D. M.-Davis, G. Percy Hawes, James T. Vaughan, F. D. Beveridge, Third-Cunningham Hall, B. R. Well-ford, Meade Haskins, John B. Cary, S. S.

MARSHALL WARD.

Davis.

Second-T. Wiley Davis, George W. Taylor, Julian Bryant, Joseph C. Dickerson, N. Thomas Mesley.

Third Precinct J. Floyd Wooldridge, C. L. Welsher, George W. Bradley, George D. Pearman, W. T. Woody, E. C. Linder,

JACKSON WARD. First Precinct—Henry J. Hecks, Second—W. W. Wallace, Third—O. M. Gasser, Walter S. Black-

urth-Thomas Byrne, Edward J. Ho-

JEFFERSON WARD.

Pirst Precinct—Rev. T. Crump, Sol. L., deomberg, John M. Higgins, Second—Chris, Manning, George D. Bur-oughs, B. F. Redford, Henry Hirsbierg, Third—Phill, Shen, W. W. Garswitt, A. D. Blankenship. Fourth—E. H. Fergusson, John H. Red-wood, J. B. Wood, T. B. Williams, Geo. W. Hurdin, F. C. Krauer, Jr.

First Precinct-Thomas Dolan, P. T. Glasgow, Andrew C. Kuowles, A. W. Miller, Robert L. Peters, Charles E. Bare-

sud-W. F. Reddy, William A. Mon Henry Taylor, Jr., Robert G. Ren Third-Charles H. Epps, Joseph L. Levy,

W. White.
Fourth C. A. Boyce, Elias Hamff, Jos. W. Thomas, H. F. Grimmell.
Fifth George W. Anderson, H. Lee
Valentine, R. S. Brock, Jr., J. E.

CLAY WARD. CLAY WARD.

First Precinct—B. B. Munford, A. C. Harman, William G. Stekes, Mann S. Valentine, Heury V. B. Moore, C. Waiton Saunders, George Ainelle.

Second—J. M. Blanks, W. Creed Davis, A. G. Anthonys Charles H. Langford, Richard T. Davis, F. W. Hicks.

Third—John J. King, Kirkwood Mitchell, Alexander Grant, W. P. Caudle, Phil. Relistern.

Hellstern.
Fourth-John Toler, Joseph T. Merri-man, P. L. Wade, E. E. Bernard, John Scott, Marcus R. Pace, W. H. Sale, Fifth-S. H. Cottrell, Samuel H. Hern-gon, Nolson Powell, J. L. O'Keeffe,

FOR FREE SILVER. following partial ticket has been in the field by the advocates of

Piret Presinct-Charles B. Bodson, Jas. 2. Philips, A. W. Rosene. Scond-V. Donali A. J. Wood, L.

Greenwald, D. Carneal,
Greenwald, D. Carneal,
Third-W. W. Wood, T. E. Richardson, F. Campidaco,
Fourth-Albert Witte, T. N. Curd, W.
R. Wood, C. A. Colo, F. B. Williams, T.
B. Murphy.

CLAY WARD.

First Precinct—H. L. Staples, Ernest C. Walthall, J. M. Willshire. Second—J. H. (Thad) Davis, R. R. Secont-J. H. (Thad.) Davis, R. R. Nuckols, A. C. Porter, James A. Taylor, Fourth-A. W. Browning, Henry N. Farmer, Andrew J. Haynes, J. (Jack) Y. Mastin, Archer T. Mitchell, M. Fill. Seay, Eugene J. Walton, Fifth-Alonza J. Brown, E. W. Gardner, C. N. Goodwin, Clyde W. Saunders,

MARSHALL WARD.

MARSHALL, WARD,
First Precipet, William H. Tayler, Mortimor Hagan, William H. Timberlake,
John T. Heach,
Second-John W. Buchanan, R. S.
Valentine, S. H. Roans, John A. Curtis,
James L. Taliaferro,
Third-J. W. Woodward, E. M. Noble,
Horsre A. Hawkins, J. M. N. Allen,
W. M. Hilliard, John Nuget.

MONROE WARD. Third Precinct-W. Ft Moseley,

JACKSON WARD.

Second Precinct-W. J. Poyle. Mr. George N. Skipwith, of the Second precinct of Madison ward is an indepen-

The sound money people have placed in the field a complete teket of 101 dele-gates, while the silver men have brought

MR. PATTESON'S VIEWS.

An afternoon paper had the following yesterday:
"Mr. S. S. P. Paiteson, in the Third
Madison, is a sound-money man, but opposed to Mr. Meredith for delegate to In reference to the above Mr. Patteson

tion about my being a sound-money man, in favor of the present gold standard, and a liberal banking act. I am opposed to Mr. Mercelith because Mr. Mercelith has publicly announced that he favors the renomination of Mr. Cleveland for a third term. There can be no question about my loyalty to the Democratic party, and I will support the Democratic nomince for President wheever be may be."

TO-MORROW'S PRIMARY.

ceive Returns at Sanger Hall, The Democratic City Committee held The Democratic City Committee field another meeting at its headquarters, the Powhatan Club-house, last might and disposed of the necessary routine business to complete all the necessary arrangements for the primary election that will be field to morrow. Mr. Marion L. Dawson was in the clusir and Mr. Jefferson Wallace recorded.

Mr. Charles V. Meredith appeared before the consenter, and upon routing of

Mr. Charles V. Meredith appeared before the contribute, and upon motion of Mr. Tyler, was granted the privilege of the floor. Mr. Meredith asked the committee to be allowed to substitute one same on the ticket of the Fourth precinct of Clay ward for another. He stated at the time that he knew of no legal objection to the request. On motion of Mr. Samders, the request was granted.

Messrs. Gordon and Tyler were appointed a sub-committee to confer with the lessed of Sanger Hall to ascertain whether the big hall sould be secured for to-morrow.

of Sanger Hall to ascertain whether the big hall could be secured for to-morrow evening, where the returns of the primary election are to be received. A recess was then taken to await the return of the sub-committee. The latter soon afterwards reported that Mr. G. Annach, the lesses of Sanger Hall, had kindly consented to loan the hall to the committee free of charge for to-morrow night from \$20 o'clock to midnight. Upon Mr. Gordon's motion, it was then decided that when the committee adjourned it should as so to meet again to-marrow night at free of charge for to morrow hight from Sam o'clock to midnight. Upon Mr. Gordon's motion, it was then decided that bazzle alias Jim Glemiy (colored) was when the committee adjourned it should do so to meet again to-marrow night at for an attempt to assault a Mrs. Molaso.

5:30 o'clock at Sanger Hall to receive the The Chair announced that election out-fits and tickets can be received at head-

tits and tickets can be received at head-quarters, at the Powhatan Club-house, this evening from 5 to 8 o'clock, and the registrars are expected to call there dur-ing those hours to receive their outfits.

Upon the suggestion of Mr. Saunders, the superintendents of the different wards were instructed to allow all persons to vote at the primary who at the next gen-eral national election will have become of age. They are also directed to allow those to vote who have only recently moved into the ward, and who at the next national election will have lived there the prescribed period of time.

Law and Equity Court.

Law and Equity Court.

In the Law and Equity Court yesterday the following suits were instituted.

F. Q. Jasper against the Mutual Guarantee Building and Loan Association. Ofto Meyer against Lizibe Mayer.

Joseph Bernicchi against J. B. Canepe. The trial of the suit of B. F. Smith against the Ferion Metallic Company was continued yesterday, and finally went over until to-day.

In the Chancery Court yesterday the following qualifications were entered:
Lucy G. Meade, as administratrix of E. B. Meade, decessed.
W. M. T. Forrester, administrator of Richard Forrester.
Beverly H. Handolph, administrator cum testamento annexo of George R. Clarke.

COL. CARR DENIES A RUMOR,

The Memorial Association Declares its Objection to the United States Flag.

HALEIGH, N. C., May 18.-Special.-

procession.

It will be remembered that some months ago there was a case in court to compet the telephone company to take down its poles on the walk around the square upon which stands the Governor's Mansion. Judge McIver has decided against the telephone company, and the poles are ordered to be taken down. Judge McIver says the city of Raicisch had no authority to grant such privileges to the telephone company. An appeal to the Supreme Court will be taken.

Hon, Thomas J. Jarvis will deliver the annual address before the Baleigh Male Academy, on June 4th. His subject will be, "In Whom Does the Sovereignty of Our Country Reside?—By Whom and for Whom Shall It Be Governed?"

WINSTON'S CITY ATTORNEY, The Norfolk and Western Pay Train

Strikes a Vehicle.

WINSTON. N. C., May 10.—Special.—
The Winston Aldermen last night elected Chairman Holten, of the Republican State Executive Committee, City Attorney.

Mr. N. Glenn Williams, one of Yadkin county's popular young men, will be united in marriage early to-morrow morning to Miss Margaret Hollingsworth, one of Mt. Airy's accomplished daughters, it will be a horse weeding.

Judge Starbuck and others went to Mt. Airy to-night to witness the nuptials.

Rev. Robert E. Caldwell left here to-night for Memphis, Tenn., to attend the Presbyterian General Assembly, which opens there Thursday.

The Norfolk and Western pay train yesterday ran into the buggy of Colonel William Sheffleld near Martinsville, Va. The Colunel's horse and buggy were badly injured. Strikes a Vehicle.

morrow will be a big occasion. Wheel-men will compete for the championship of the South, and many crack raters are

on the grounds.

A small fire occurred here to-day, and several bales of cotton were consumed.

ALLEGED LYNCHEES DISMISSED. A Prisoner Taken From Jail Under Guard

North Carolina Colored Schools

WINSTON, N. C., May 18.—Special.— The commencement exercises or Slater Academy and the State Normal School, for both sexes of the colored race, openfor both sexes of the colored race, open-ed ampiciously yesterday with a strong sermon by Professor Norman, of Shaw University, Raleigh, The institution has many warm friends and strong support-ers in the North and in the South. It had iso pupils this year, from various sections of North Carolina and Virginia. It has six instructors, and from depart-ments—Grammur School, Normal, in-dustrial, and Musical, The annual musical concert was given to-night, with success.

To Proscente a Murderer,

WINSTON, N. C., May 10.—Special.— District Attorney Glenn went to Murphy, Cherokee county, to-day, for "Uncle Sam" to prosecute "Bad" Suits (white)

Mr. Bayard's Candleacy;

The Richmond Times has a candidate for the presidency in the person of Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware, now American Ambassador to the Court of St. James, Mr. Bayard is a thorough Democrat, and a stateman of ability. He would come nearer to polling the full yote of the South than any other soundmoney Democrat, but some of his indiscreet utterances in England might be used greatly to his disadvantage in the used greatly to his disadvantage in the North and West. The South was almost solid for Bayard in the convention that first nominated Cleveland.—Roanoke

Distributing Carlisle's Speeches,

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—One hundred thousand copies of the various speeches delivered by Secretary Carlisto in favor of "sound money" during the past six months are now being distributed from here to points in Kentucky.

A Negro Lynched.

CHEAPER ELECTRIC ENERGY.

A Reported Discovery by a Boston Scientist Energy From Coal Direct. A problem which has long occupied the attention of scientists is how electrical energy might be produced by the direct

exidation of carbon so that the actual output would approach that which the process ought in theory to produce. It is now asserted, according to the Boston "Transcript," by men who are all de-clared to be the best qualified to speak with decision on this point, that by a discovery recently made by Professor William W. Jacques, of Boston, the soution of this problem has been practically attained. In outlining the work of Professor Jucques, the "Fransiript" says in

part; "It has long been known that in every round of coal there resides the potential-ity of enormous effergy-the problem has

pound of coal there resides the potentiality of enormous effergy—the problem has been how to develop and utilize it. The men of science know just how much it is. Denoting this theoretical amount of electrical energy which resides in a given amount of coal as lop per cent. the object is to get out the full amount or as near the full amount as may be. The methods now in vogue fail so far short of this, that given a large plant, with the best boilers, engines, and dynamos, the result in electrical energy is only 6 per cent.; while, given a small plant, with the conditions that commonly obtain, and the result fails to 2 per cent, or thereabouts.

"In beginning his researches, Dr. Jacques realized that the thing desired was a cell in which carbon would be excited and consumed, not by combustion, as in fire, but at a low temperature. In every hattery, properly so-tailed, constant deterioration of the electrolyte is inevitable. Therefore, Dr. Jacques rejected the battery at the outset. His electrolyte must not suffer decomposition. The only thing consumed must be the carbon, lie conceived the idea, and this was his great discovery, that the exagen of the air might be made to combine with the carbon, not directly, but through the wid of an intervening electrolyte, which should carry it and present it to the carbot. For such electrolyte he selected caustic sexia.

"To carry out his conception he look

and it, and ended his telegram with "I AM A DEMOCRAT."

Are Hanes, who was burt at Durnam, has been brought to the asylum here for treatment, his mind being is such a bad condition since the crashing in of his skall.

The ladies of the Memorial Association have endorsed the action of their president in objecting on Memorial-Day to having the United States flag in the procession. It will be remembered that some months ago there was a case in court to compel the telephone company to take down its poles on the walk around the square upon which stands the Governor's Maniston. Judge Meiver has decided against the telephone company, and the poles are ordered to be taken down. Judge Meiver says the city of Raleigh had no authority to grant such privileges to the diately accepted and combined with the oxygen that formed a part of the air within its reach. The result fully realized expectations. It was found, the carbon and the pot being connected by wire, that a current of phenomenal volume flowed through it. And it was also found that, within limits, the amount of that current was proportioned to the volume of air supplied. Again, it was found that the ebuilition produced in the mass by the passage of the air through it had a most beneficial effect in keeping the surface of the carbon free from particles of ash and other imputities, and that it had other advantages as well.

"The experimental cell proves the discovery and illustrates the invention. For its size it yields a phenomenally large volume of current, but its voltage, or electrical pressure, is sight. That, however, is a difficulty which electricians evercome easily. Dr. Jacques provided lee iron pots, each 12 inches deep and 11-2 inches in diameter. These were set in 19 rows of 10 each and suspended over a grate, the whole being bricked in to retain the heat. In each of these a suitable amount of caustic soda was put, and this was fused by fire beneath. Then on

L. Which william Sheffield near Martiniville, Va. The Colonels horse and buggy were badly injured.

COL. W. M. JOHNSTON DILING

The Twentieth of May Celebration and Blevele Contests.

**CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 19.—Special, At 11 o'clock to-micht Colonel W. M. Johnston, of this place, is not expected by a small portion of the but a short while, lie has been sinking fast for several hours. Colonel Johnston is of an old and honored ramily in North Carolina. He was standing by Jefferson Davis side when the latter read the telegram telling of Lincoln's leafly coloned Johnston says that Davis he father of was contented. The make these, Professor Charles R.

**Cross. professor of playing in the colone of the sanctuary were labled. Colonel Johnston says that Davis he father of was contented. The make these, Professor Charles R.

**Cross. professor of playing in the colone of playing in the father of was commenced. The make these, Professor Charles R.

**Cross. professor of playing in the case of playin

by Jefferson Davis side when the latter cad the telegram telling of Lincoln's leastly. Colonel Johnston says that Davis are grew very sad. Colonel Johnston is he father of W. R. Johnston, of Richnolt.

The Esth of May celebration here to-norrow will be a big occasion. Wheelern will compete for the champtonship of the South, and many crack raders are in the grounds.

A small line occurred here to-day, and everal bales of cotton were consumed.

A small brie occurred here to-day, and everal bales of cotton were consumed. quired to do the same work by using present methods. It was found that to maintain these ights for 1834 hours required the consumption in the pots, by oxidation, of about eight pounds of coal, it was also found that the average presure was ninety voits, and that the averamount of correal was sixteen amperes. Also, that the average horse-power development of the control of the co A Prisoner Taken From Jail Under Guard for Protection.

CRANIBERRY, N. C., May 18.—Special.—G. T. Vance and others, who were tried for lynching Bob Chambers, were all discharged except Vance, who was bound over to Caldwell Court.

In a difficulty Saturday night between Roby Hicks and Ed Young, the latter was very hadly statisted. Hicks was arrested, but the officers were obliged to take him from Jail and guard him, as the report was that Young's friends were coming to lynch Hicks.

well known that caustic soda has a very strong affinity for parbonic acid gas, their union forming carbonate of soda. The oxygen of the sir, supplied by the iron tubes, coming in contact with the carbon would produce (provided the temperature of 300 degrees mentioned is sumicently high) carbonic acid gas, which, in turn, would be instantly taken up by the caustic soda to form carbonate. These two sources of carbon dioxide, that from the air and that formed by the combustion of the carbon, would quickly transform the caustic into carbonate. bastion of the carbon, would quickly transform the caustle into carbonate. This, it may be interred, would correspondingly lessen the force of the current till it became nil. The cost of the continuous consumpton must be considerable, and we see no reason for the omission of its mention unless the pres-dace of the electric current or some Commerce.

May Call Off the Tobacco Fight.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 10.—It is not at all unlikely that the light between the warring eigarette makers and the plug-tobacco manufacturers will be called off

You KNOW A GOOD THING when you SEE IT: then learn to appreciate a good thing WHEN YOU TRY IT by purchasing a bottle of POLK MILLER'S ITALIAN INSECT POWDER, which will effectually rid your house of Flies, Roaches, and other troublesome insects. For sale in 10. 25, and 50c. bottles by all leading drus and grocery stores. The GENUINE POLK MILLER DRUG COMPANY.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.



Look all around -- and you won't find anything like our \$12.50 suits for \$12.50. You may at \$15-and think you're getting your money's worth-because they're well made-all wool -- stylish patterns -- and 'll give you the service of the average \$15 suit. But \$12.50 is what they're actually worth.

The Russian Navy Serges-as thoroughly reliable as they are -controlled in America by us as they are -- are only \$12.50.

Of course it's big value: But this is a big store-big in methods-big in facilities-and we want to be fair to the very cent. That's why we've got a \$12.50 grade. Too good for \$10-not as good as we can give you at \$15. Other folks don't make any distinction-and there's where you can waste \$2.50 if you don't watch out.

They say Saks' Shoes are the best.

Saks&Company

Main and 1th Sts .- "Saks' Corner."

DR. CUYLER'S IMPRESSIONS. The Venerable Brooklyn Divine Writes

Pleasantly of His Visit Here. Rev. Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler, of Brooklyn, N. Y., the venerable divine who delivered the annual address before the Virginia Bible Ecclety, in this city, in April has, has written for the New York Evangelist the following account of his

impressions while here:
Early on Saturday morning I reached
Richmond, and found quarters at the
magnificent new "Jefferson," which is
the latest marvel in the line of gorgeous
hotels. Even our friend Singler will nohotels. Even our friend Flagler will an mit that this new establishment is fair rival of his famous "Ponce de Leon" in point of spiendor. In the centre of the elegant open court, farrounded will liftes and tropical plants, status a finemarble statue of Jefferson, with the immortal Decharation of Independence his hand. In the sumptoons parlors are some original portraits by Sir Pater Lely that are worthy of any Loudon nalicry Every room in the hotel is sumplied will be autiful, "morocco-bound copies of the New Testament and Pasims, and on Epis ter, who is represented man in Virginia; the b two millions; and was c Union (Presbyterian) Theological Semi-nary, who are about removing to Bick-mond from their old guarters at Frince Edward.

I spent Sabbath morning very delighter fully with my dear brother, Robert P

My errand to Richmond was to deliver the sannal address before the Virginia Bible Society, which is older by three years than the "American" Society. An immense crowd was nesembled in the church of Dr. Moses D. Hoge (the Second Presbyterian); and I have not had a more hearty round of hand-shakes after the service in many a day. It was worth a trip to Richmond to see the eloquent veteran in his own pulpit, for Dr. Moses Drury Hoge is one of the "Institutions" of Virginia. Forn at Hempelen-Sydney (where his father was president of the college), in 1815, he is now younger at 18 than most men at 50. Straight as a Norway pine, and foll of vigor as a steam-engine, he has never yet put up a pair of glasses, or felt any infirmity of old age. For fifty-one years he has been the pastor of the same church, and its only pastor, for he started it in 1846. Duamount of current was sixteen amperes.

Also, that the everage horse-power deveroped was a little more than two-horse all power. It was also determined, by carsful measurements and calculations based thereon, that the electrical energy netuality obtained from one pound of carbon consumed in the pots was 22 per cent. of the theoretical. The experts report says of the tongular the pots was 22 per cent. of the theoretical. The experts report says of the content. The experts report says of the tongular to the idea of a gray." He still clings to the idea of a gray. He still clings to the idea of a gray. He still clings to the idea of a gray. H

exceeding weight of glory!

MR. WILLIAMS DEFIED WEYLER. Threat of a Closed Consulate Alone Saved the Competitor's Crew.

HAVANA, CUBA, May 13, 1896.—The five prisonors, Alfredo Laborde-Perera, Allas Badia Alvarez, Teodora Maza, Amas Badia Alvarez, Tessiora Maza, Owen Milton, and William Gildea (alias McKinley), taken off the American schooner Competitor, captured by the Spanish patrol boat Meusajera on April 57th on the marth pages 47th.

Spanish patrol boat Meusajera on April 75th, on the north coast of Pinar del Rio, and brought to Havana to be judged by local naval courts, were brought to trial on Friday last, as mentioned in my previous dispatches to the Heraid.

In later cable dispatches I have also given details of the results of the trial. I now wish to put on record the action of Consul-General Williams, his protest while the trial was in progress, and his statements to the Spanish authorities afstatements to the Spanish authorities af-ter the verdict was rendered announcing

eath as the penalty. Before the court martial closed at the Before the court martial closed at the hour of moon Censul-General Williams' letter of protest was read. The representative of the United States quoted the treaties existing between the United States and Spain and denied the right of the latter to try American citizens and others sailing under the American flag by other than civil couris, unless seized "with arms in their hands," adding that even in the latter case they must be judged by ordinary and not by drumhead, military, and naval courts,

and present witnesses in evidence.

A note by the Judge-Advocate-General, which had also been indorsed by Admiral Navarro, the highest naval officer of Spain in Cuba, ruling Consul-General Williams' protest as without good ground and out of order, was also read

ground and out of order, was also read and noted.

Within threes hours after the court martial closed its session, at a special meeting in the afternoon, its members sent to Admiral Navarro a scaled verdict, which was immediately opened and approved by the naval chief. Although the fact was not generally known here until yesterday (Thesday), the sentences of all five prisoners to death, in accordance with the verdict, were signed Friday afternoon, and preparations were made to have the men shot at sunrice on Saturday moraing.

Receiving no satisfactory response from the Admiral, nor even an invitation to aftend the proceedings, neither Consci-General Williams nor any attache of his office was present at the court martial, nor was he allowed to see the prisoners until after the trial had closed.

Naturally, he laid the whole case be-

Naturally, he laid the whole case before the State Department at Washington by wire early in the day and received instructions as prompt—as energetic. When these arrived he went directly to the palses, where a stormy interview with Captain-General Weyler occurred.

The Captain-General Weyler occurred.

The Captain-General told Consul-General Williams that if the men had been convicted, as the latter supposed, they would most certainly be shot the following morning, despite any protest the United States might make.

"If you shoot them," said Mr. Williams, "my Government instructs me to close its consulate here and demand my passports, as we shall most certainly hold you and your Government responsible should these prisoners be executed before our protest be given due consideration."

When Consul-General Williams hower himself out of the Captain-General's presence and drove back to his office the excitement that followed at the palace became aimost indescribable. The president and judges of the supreme civil tribunal of the island, the chairmen of the leading conservative parties, and the managing director of the Spanish bank were called into consultation by Cargain-General Weyler and Admiral Navarro. The majority of these personages advis-ed the authorities to suspend the exe-cution pending higher instruction from Madrid.

dadrid. General Weyler said no, that if the General Weyler said no, that if the men were not executed he would resign, and I understand he so telegraphed the Spanish ministry. In the meantime, it appears, the United States was, through Manister Taylor, bringing pressure to hear also at Madrid. Orders came from bear also at Maurid. Offices and Spain to suspend all proceedings, and directing the Captain-General and Ad-miral to transmit all documents in the case to Madrid for consideration there by the Supreme Military and Naval Coun-ell and Cabinet. General Weyler, it is lenly resign. Consul-General Williams had won. The

recks' respite. Consul-General Williams and Vice-Con-Spanish Government of Cuba, in conver-sation yesterday, gave Mr. Williams credit for having displayed great energy in behalf of the Americans connected

A SPANIARD DEEMS US WEAK. Lieutenaut Sobral Criticises Our Coust

Defences. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.-Diplomats are engaging in mild gossip over the action of Lieutenant Gutierrez Sobrai, naval attachs of the Spanish le-gation, in writing an article for a Span-ish publication in regard to the weak-ness of the coast defences of the United States. Copies of the article have been received here, and have been the sub-ject of much comment.

ant Sobral's article: "The weekly For Mary Tierra (by Lieutemant Gutierrez Sobral, naval at-tache of Spain to our legation in Wash-ington, upon the condition of the coast-defences of the United States. He con-siders the North American squadron re-duced in strength and numbers by rea-son of the fact that it has to guard four thousand miles of practically defenceless coast.

"The establishments for the construc-tion of guas" he says, have not given al-

together satisfactory results. "Referring to the lack of defences of the coast, Lieuteniant Sobral says: 'hoston, New York, and San Francisco are the only ports where any modern guns are mounted. But neither in number nor calibre can they completely detend those populous cities. The guns of modern cribers gould completely reduce Boston.

EASY ACCESS TO PHILADELPHIA.

EASY ACCESS TO PHILADELPHIA.

"If a squadron has difficulty in entering New York harbor by way of Sandy Hook it can easily get in by way of Long Islamd Sound. Access to ships under construction at Philadelphia is casy. "In corroboration of these assertions Lieutenant Sobral cites this declaration of General Miles: "As for defence, Savannah has none. Old fortifications, half destroyed, are located there, and these are valueless for defence. Mobile and Galveston are in the same condition. Nothing has been done at Fortland. It is said that we have torpedoes, which is true, but they alone are not sufficient. Ships can approach near enough to cittes to bombard them."

"Lieutenant Sobral includes this statement from the same official: "A ship presents a very small target, while a city offers a very large one. Artillery officers

offers a very large one. Artillery officers recognize that, although Boston is de-fended by mortars, the city could be bombarded with 10-inch guns in suffi-

cient numbers."
"Referring to the lack of fortifications on the Pacific coast Lieutemant
Bobrai speaks of its defenceless condition by citing the opinion of Senator
Wilson, of Washington, who states that
England could take possession of Paget
sound and the coaling station built in cient numbers."

On the "Anvil Chorus,"

On the "Anvil Chorus,"

Editor of the Times:

Sir,—Apropos of the present highly-respectable convocation of the "Sons and Daughters, etc.," there lives in Clark county, Va., a very bright and handsome woman who one day invited a plain, common-sense neighbor to take a seat in the carriage with her husband and herself, on their homeward way.

During the ride her neighbor said:
"Mrs. T., can you tell me how my cousin, Mrs. —, got to be one of these daugh-

"Mrs. T., can you tell me how my cousin, Mrs. —, got to be one of these daughters? Her grandfather and mine were the same man. He was no soldier, though. He never fired a gun during that war, unless, maybe, at a squirrel."

He was a good blacksmith, and worked hard at his anvil. "But how could his grand-daughter get in with these newhorn aristocrats?"

"Oht the runs in an the anvil choses." "Oh! she rung in on the anvil chorus,"

"Oh! with renly,

"M.

was the witty reply.

and be permitted to employ legal counsel | RECEIVER'S SACRIFICE SALE OF

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WILLIAMSBURGH CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF BROOKLYN.

ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1895, OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE WILLIAMSBURGH CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF BROOKLYN, N. Y. ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF YIRGINIA, IN PURBUANCE OF THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA.

President—Marshall S. Driggs. Secretary—Frederick H. Wray. Principal Office—15 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y. Organized or Incorporated, March, 1853; commenced business, March, 1853. I. CAPITAL.

Value of real estate owned by the company
Loans on mertgage (duly recorded and being the first liens on the fee
simple) upon which not more than one year's interest is due
Interest due on all said mortgage loans, \$675; interest accrued thereon,
\$1,145.04.

Value of lands mortgaged, exclusive of buildings and per
ishable improvements
Value of the buildings mortgaged (impured for \$232,800 as
Collateral)

Total value of said mortgaged premises (carried inside), \$ 513,500

ACCOUNT OF BONDS OF THE UNITED STATES, AND OF THIS STATE AND OF OTHER STATES, AND ALSO OF BONDS OF INCORPORATED CITIES IN THIS STATE, AND OF ALL OTHER BONDS AND STOCKS, OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY.

United States registered 5's of 1904, bonds: \$23,000 00 Richmond (Va.) registered 4's of 1929, bonds 13.500 00 Georgia 41, per cent. coupen, of 1915, 25,000 00 28,500 00 bonds
Brooklyn Union Gas Company, of Brooklyn, 5s. of 1945, bonds
Long Island Bank, of Brooklyn, stock
First National Bank of Brooklyn stock
Brooklyn Union Gas Company, of Brooklyn 9,000 00 10,000 00 5,000 00 18.750 00 25,000 00 lyn, stock.

Brooklyn, stock.

Consolidated Gas Company, of New York, 10,300 00 10.000 00 14.800 00 10,000 00 bry Dock, East Breadway and Battery Railroad Company, of New York, stock Kings County Trust Company, of Brook-lyn, stock Brooklyn City Railroad Company, of 84,000 00 20,000 00 28,400 00 9,000 00 lyn, stock Brooklyn City Railroad Company, of Brooklyn and New York Ferry Company 171,000 00 10,000 00 5,000 00 Brooklyn Trust Company, of Brooklyn,

stock Union Ferry Company, of Brooklyn, stock. Long Island Traction Company, of Brook-lyn, Central Trust Company's certifi-35,250 00 Total par and market value (carried out at market value)..... \$484.820 00 \$484,820 00 ACCOUNT OF STOCKS, BONDS, AND ALL, OTHER SECURITIES (EXCEPT MORTGAGES) HYPOTHECATED TO THE COMPANY AS COLLATERAL SECURITY FOR CASH ACTUALLY LOANED BY THE COMPANY, WITH THE FAR AND MARKET VALUE OF THE SAME, AND THE AMOUNT LOANED ON EACH.

Par Market Loaned Value, Value, Thereon, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, of \$4,000 00 \$10,800 00 \$5,000 00 New York, stock 44,000 00 310,800 00 \$5,000 00 Brooklyn City Railroad Company, of Brooklyn, N. Y., stock 1,000 00 1,710 00 1,200 00

\$6,200 00

III. LIABILITIES.

Net amount of unpaid losses.

Gross premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks, running one year or less from date of policy, including literest premiums on perpetual fire risks, \$350.856.64; unearned premiums (50 per cent.).

Gross premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks, running more than one year from date of policy, \$622.312.30; unearned premiums (pro rata). fire 190,428 32

Total amount of all liabilities, except capital stock, and net surplus. \$ 577.665 59

Joint-stock capital actually paid up in cash 250.000 60

Burplus beyond capital and all other liabilities 708.970 38 Total amount of all Habilities, except capital stock, and net surplus \$1,500,035 67

IV. RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR. Net collected\$ 60,760 64 Gross premiums on risks written and renewed during the

Aggregate amount of receipts actually received during the year in each V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR. Fire.

Net amount paid during the year for losses

Cash dividends actually paid stockholders (amount of stockholders' dividends declared during the year, \$50,000)

Paid for commission or brokerage
Paid for salarles, fees, and all other charges of officers, clerks, agents, and all other employes,
agents, and all other employes.
Paid for State and local taxes in this and other States
All other payments and expenditures, viz.: Miscellaneous

Aggregate amount of actual disbursements during the year, in cash.\$ 549,477 14 BUSINESS IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA DURING THE YEAR.

Fire risks written
Premhums received (gross)

Losses paid
Losses incurred

T41 08

741 08

(Signed) MARSHALL, S. DRIGGS, President, (Signed) F. H. WRAY, Secretary.

State of New York, county of New York—ss.:
(Seal.) Subscribed and sworn to January 28, 1886, before GLEN CUYLER, Notary Public.

D. N. WALKER & CO.,

AGENTS,

1014 E. MAIN STREET. . . . Richmond, Va.